

## Convenient synthesis of 1-substituted-4-methyl-5-oxo [1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolines

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**Dedication to Prof. F. M. Hassan for his 70<sup>th</sup> birthday**

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### Abstract

A new and convenient synthesis of a variety of methyl-2-(2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-yl-thio) acetamido and propanamido alkanooate **8a-h** and **9a-c**, respectively has been developed *via* azide and DCC coupling methods. Hydrazinolysis of the ester **8a-g** gave the hydrazide **10a-g**, which subsequently reacted with furfural to give the hydrazone **11a-f**. Compounds **8-11** might show non sedative H1-antihistamines activities. Compounds **8-11** were characterized by elemental analysis, IR, mass and <sup>1</sup>H NMR data.

**Keywords:** Non sedative H1-antihistamines, triazoloquinazoline; amino acids, DCC and azide coupling, hydrazone

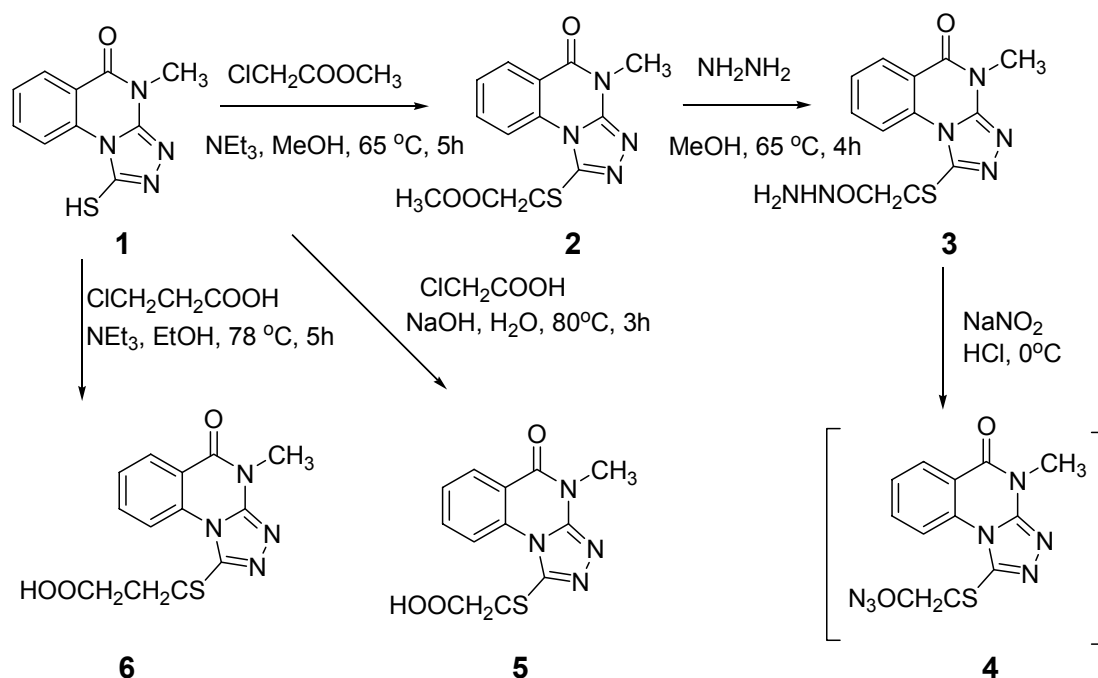
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### Introduction

Triazoloquinazoline condensed derivatives constitute an important class of organic compounds with interesting biological activities. 9-Chloro-2-(2-furyl)-[1,2,4]triazolo-[1,5-*c*]quinazolin-5-amine, CGS 15943A **I**, were reported as antagonists at A2b receptors in brain preparations.<sup>1-3</sup> Furthermore, a series of novel 1-substituted 4-aryl[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-*a*]quinazolin-5(4*H*)-ones **II** was reported as a new class of non sedative H1-antihistamines.<sup>4-6</sup>

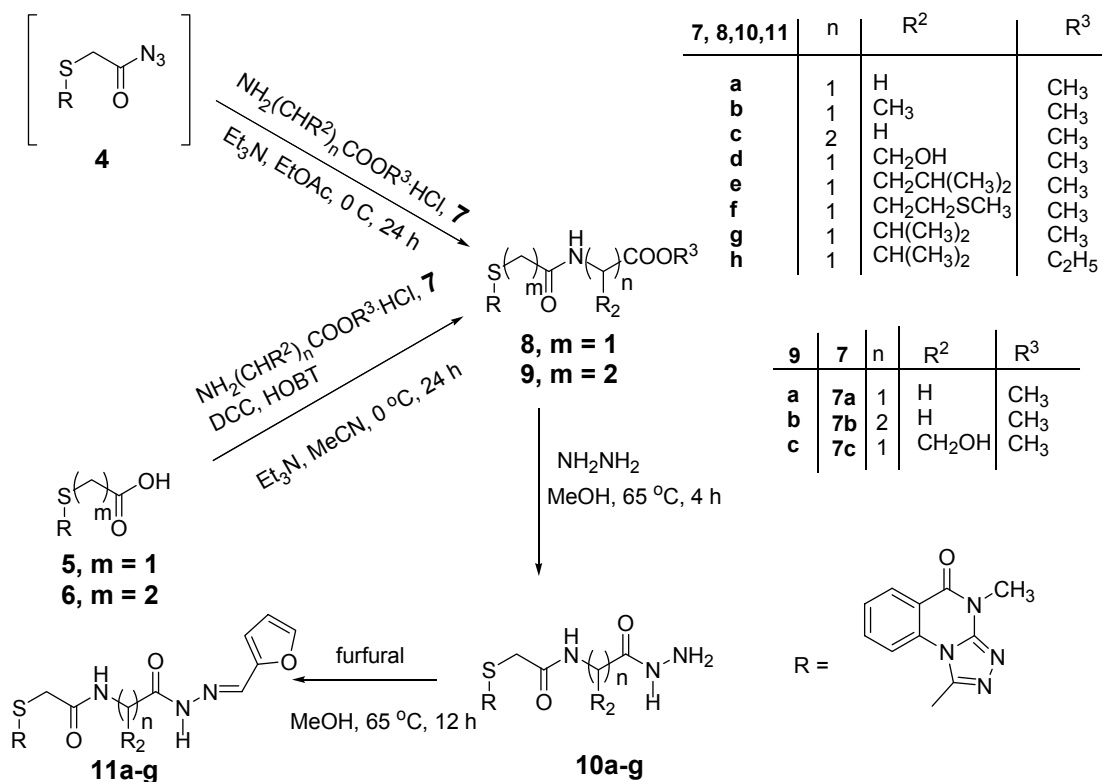
Hydrazone derivatives are reported to possess antimicrobial,<sup>7-9</sup> antitubercular,<sup>10</sup> anticonvulsant<sup>11</sup> and analgesic-anti-inflammatory<sup>12,13</sup> activities. Compound **III** which possesses a hydrazide-hydrazone structure, is used as antimicrobial.<sup>7</sup>





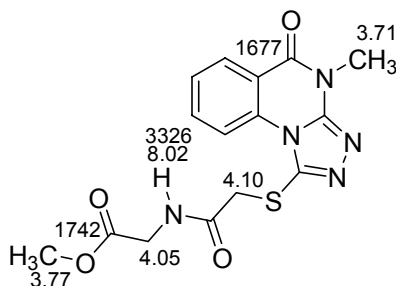
Scheme 1

The synthesis of the target thioacetyl amino acid derivatives **8a-g** were efficiently formed from key intermediate ester **2** via the azide coupling method,<sup>16-18</sup> which was reported to minimize the degree of racemization in amino acid coupling. The *in situ* generated azide **4** solution in ethyl acetate reacted with amino acid methyl ester hydrochloride **7** in the presence of triethyl amine to afford the methyl-2-(2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-yl-thio)acetamido) alkananoate **8a-g** in good yield, scheme 2. The structure of amino acid ester *S*-acetamide **8a-g** was chemically confirmed by an equivocal synthesis from the acid derivative **5** via DCC coupling method. The DCC coupling is one of the major tools employed in literature to introduce peptide bonds by the reaction of acid with amino acid methyl ester. Hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBT) is widely used as an additive to decrease racemization in the carbodiimide peptide coupling.<sup>19-21</sup> Treatment of thioacetic acid **5** or thiopropanoic acid **6** with the amino acid esters hydrochloride **7** in presence of coupling reagents DCC and HOBT afforded amino acid ester *S*-alkanamide **8a-h** and **9a-c**, respectively in 58-85 % yield.



## Scheme 2

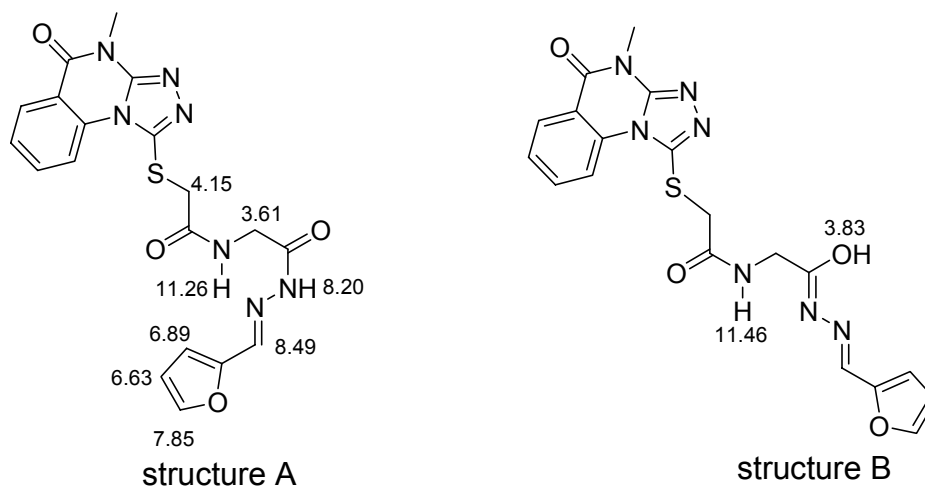
The structure assignment of the amino acid ester *S*-alkanamide **8a-h** and **9a-c** is based on spectral and physicochemical analysis, Figure 1. The I.R spectrum of the glycine derivative **8a** gave two bands at 3326 and 1742 cm<sup>-1</sup> attributed to NH and ester C=O, respectively. Further more, the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **8a** exhibits two singlet signals at δ 3.77 and 3.71 ppm corresponding to OCH<sub>3</sub> and NCH<sub>3</sub>, respectively. The <sup>1</sup>H NMR for all amino acid derivatives **8a** (Gly), **8c** (β-Ala), **8d** (Ser), **8f** (Met), **8g** (Val), gave a singlet centered at δ ~4.05 ppm attributed to SCH<sub>2</sub>, figure 1.



**Figure 1.** Selected <sup>1</sup>H NMR and I.R data of Methyl-2-(2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-yl-thio)acetamido)acetate (**8a**).

On the other hand, the  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of **8b** (Ala) and **8e** (Leu) shows two doublets at  $\delta$  4.12 and 4.02 ppm ( $J_{\text{AB}} = 14.6$  and 14.0 Hz) corresponding to an AB system of the prochiral hydrogen atoms of the  $\text{SCH}_2$  group.<sup>22,23</sup>

Hydrazinolysis of the amino acid ester **8a-g** afforded the hydrazide **10a-g**. The hydrazide **10a-g** was condensed with furfural to exhibit the hydrazone **11a-g**. The structure assignment for both the hydrazide and hydrazone is based on elemental analysis, IR and the  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra. The hydrazide **10a-g** gave bands at 3343 and 3304  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  characteristic for  $\text{NH}_2$  group. The  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of hydrazide **10e** (Leu) shows two broad signals at  $\delta$  7.93 and  $\delta$  7.53 attributed to both NH groups in the compound. The  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra of hydrazone derivatives **11** gave an interesting  $^1\text{H}$  NMR pattern as represented in figure 2. Hydrazones **11** are present either in the form of a single compound structure A; **11b** (Ala), and **11f** (Meth) or in the form of two tautomeric mixture structure A and structure B; **11a** (Gly), **11c** ( $\beta$ -Ala), **11d** (Ser) and **11e** (Leu).



**Figure 2.** Selected  $^1\text{H}$  NMR of 2-(2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo-[4,3-a]quinoxalin-1-ylthio)acetamido)-N'-((furan-2-yl)methylene)acetohydrazide **11a**.

The  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of **11a** in DMSO gave two  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable broad signals at  $\delta$  11.26 and 8.20 ppm with similar intensities, in addition to two  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchangeable broad signals at  $\delta$  11.46 and 3.83 ppm with larger intensities. We might conclude that the hydrazones **11a** solution in DMSO are present in the form of two tautomers (structure A) and (structure B) with intramolecular hydrogen bonds of the type  $\text{N-H}\cdots\text{N}=\text{C}$  stabilizing each form<sup>22-24</sup> in 1:2. ratio, respectively. The participation of the NH group in the  $\text{N-H}\cdots\text{N}=\text{C}$  system is confirmed by a signal at  $\delta$  11.26 (structure A). Structure B is induced by enolization of the hydrazide carbonyl which gave a signal at  $\delta$  11.46 and 3.83 ppm corresponding to NH group and an exocyclic OH group, respectively. The  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of **11b** gave two NH signals at  $\delta$  11.31 and 8.17 ppm corresponding to hydrazone in the form of structure A.

## Conclusions

A variety of methyl-2-(2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylthio) acetamido and propanamido alkanoate **8a-h** and **9a-c**, respectively has been developed *via* azide and DCC coupling methods. Hydrazinolysis of amino acid esters **8a-g** afforded the corresponding hydrazide **10a-g**, which subsequently reacted with furfural to give the hydrazone **11a-f**. Compounds **8-11** might show non sedative H1-antihistamines activities.

## Experimental Section

**General Procedures.** Solvent were purified and dried in the usual way. The boiling range of the petroleum ether used was 40-60°C. Thin layer chromatography (TLC): silica gel 60 F<sub>254</sub> plastic plates (E. Merck, layer thickness 0.2 mm) detected by UV absorption. Melting points were determined on a Buchi 510 melting-point apparatus and the values are uncorrected. NMR spectra measured with Bruker (200 MHz). TMS (0.00 ppm) as internal standard. The mass spectra were measured with a KRATOS Analytical Kompact spectrometer. Microanalyses were performed at the Microanalytical Center, Chemistry Department, Konstanz University, Germany and Microanalytical Center, Cairo University. FTIR spectra ( $\nu$  /cm<sup>-1</sup>) were taken on a Genesis (Unicam) spectrometer in potassium bromide pellets.

The starting compounds **1**, **2**, **5** and **6** were prepared according to the method described by Fathalla et al.<sup>14</sup>

### 2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylthio)aceto-hydrazide (**3**).

To a solution of ester **2** (3.04 g, 1.0 mmol) in methyl alcohol (30 mL), hydrazine hydrate (2.4 mL, 5 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 4 hours, cooled and the resultant precipitate was filtered off, washed with ethanol and ether then crystallized from aqueous ethanol to yield the hydrazide.

White crystals (1.46 g, 48 %); mp 247-248 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, DMSO):  $\delta$  9.14 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 8.56 (1H, d,  $J$  = 8.2 Hz, ArH), 8.22 (1H, d,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 7.93 (1H, t,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 7.62 (1H, t,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 4.25 (2H, bs, NH<sub>2</sub>, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 4.06 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.60 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3332, 3262 (NH), 1725, 1681 (C=O), 1614 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S (304.3): C, 47.37 %; H, 3.95 %; N, 27.63 %; S, 10.54 %. Found: C, 47.41 %; H, 4.03 %; N, 27.63 %; S, 10.39 %, Mass spectrum, m/z (I<sub>r</sub>/%) : 304 (54), 273 (16), 232 (100), 231 (10), 162 (28), 145 (58), 134 (16), 90 (48).

### Method A. Azide method. General procedure

To a cold solution (-5 °C) of hydrazide **3** (0.3 g, 1.0 mmol) in AcOH (6 mL), 1 N HCl (3 mL), and water (25 mL) was added a solution of NaNO<sub>2</sub> (0.87 g, 1.0 mmol) in cold water (3 mL). After stirring at -5 °C for 15 min, the yellow syrup was formed. The azide was extracted in cold

ethyl acetate (30 mL), washed with cold 3% NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O and finally dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>). A solution of amino acid esters hydrochloride (1.0 mmol) in ethyl acetate (20 mL) containing 0.2 mL of triethyl amine was added to the azide solution. The mixture was kept at -5 °C for 24 h, then at 25 °C for another 24 h, followed by washing with 0.5 N HCl, water, 3 % solution of NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and finally dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>). The solution was evaporated to dryness, and the residue was recrystallized from petroleum ether/ ethyl acetate to give the desired product.

### Method B. DCC method. General procedure

To a cold solution (-5 °C) of the amino acid methyl ester hydrochloride (1.0 mmol) in acetonitrile (6 mL) containing triethyl amine (0.14 mL, 1.0 mmol), 2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylthio)acetic acid (**5**) (0.29 g, 1.0 mmol) or 3-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylthio)-propanoic acid (**6**) (0.31g, 1.0 mmol), dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC) (0.207 g, 1.0 mmol) and hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBT) (0.135 g, 1.0 mmol) were added successively. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for one hour, at 5 °C for one hour, then at room temperature for 8 hours. The reaction mixture was set aside overnight. The precipitated dicyclohexylurea was filtered off and the filtrate was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, filtered and the filtrate was wash with saturated sodium chloride solution, 5% NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, 1N HCl and saturated solution of sodium chloride then dried over anhydrous sodium sulphate. After evaporation of the solvent, the remaining oily residue was triturated with petroleum ether (b.p. 40-60 °C) at 0°C with scratching, afterwards the formed solid was filtered off and crystallized from petroleum ether/ ethyl acetate.

**Methyl-2-(2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-yl-thio) acet-amido)acetate (8a).** From GlyOCH<sub>3</sub>·HCl **7a** (0.126 g). Method A, white crystals (0.23 g, 66 %); mp 120–121 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.42 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 8.22 (1H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 8.02 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 7.84 (1H, t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 7.57 (1H, t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 4.10 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.05 (2H, d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.77 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.71 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3303 (NH), 1742, 1677, 1650 (C=O), 1608 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S (361.4): C, 49.85 %; H, 4.18 %; N, 19.38 %; Found: C, 49.63 %; H, 4.05 %; N, 19.22 %.

Method B, From **5** and GlyOCH<sub>3</sub>·HCl **7a** (0.27 g, 75 %).

**Methyl 2-(2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-yl-thio)acet-amido)propanoate (8b).** From L-AlaOCH<sub>3</sub>·HCl **7b** (0.14 g). Method A, white crystals (0.19 g, 54 %); mp 114 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.44 (1H, d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, ArH), 8.26 (1H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, ArH), 7.92 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 7.85 (1H, t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 7.58 (1H, t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, ArH), 4.63-4.48 (1H, m, CH), 4.12 (1H, d, *J* = 14.6 Hz, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.02 (1H, d, *J* = 14.6 Hz, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.79 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.71 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.42 (3H, d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3326 (NH), 1748, 1679, 1660 (C=O), 1614 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S, (375.4): C, 51.19 %; H, 4.56 %; N, 18.66 %; Found: C, 50.89 %; H, 4.41 %; N, 18.31 %.

Method B, From **5** and L-AlaOCH<sub>3</sub>·HCl **7b** (0.17 g, 46 %).

**Methyl 3-(2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-yl-thio)acetamido)propanoate (8c).** From  $\beta$ -AlaOCH<sub>3</sub>·HCl **7c** (0.14 g). Method A, white crystals (0.28 g, 75 %); mp 170–171 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.45 (1H, d,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 8.26 (1H, d,  $J$  = 8.6 Hz, ArH), 7.85 (1H, t,  $J$  = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 7.64 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 7.58 (1H, t,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 4.04 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.79 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.67 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.55 (2H, q,  $J$  = 6.6 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.55 (2H, t,  $J$  = 6.4 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>); IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3313 (NH), 1747, 1675, (C=O), 1612 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S, (375.4): C, 51.19 %; H, 4.56 %; N, 18.66 %; Found: C, 50.83 %; H, 4.34 %; N, 18.21 %.

Method B, From **5** and  $\beta$ -AlaOCH<sub>3</sub>·HCl **7c** (0.30 g, 82 %).

**Methyl 2-(2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-yl-thio)acetamido)-3-hydroxypropanoate (8d).** From L-SerOCH<sub>3</sub>·HCl **7d** (0.156 g). Method A, white crystals (0.18 g, 45 %); mp 198–199 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, DMSO):  $\delta$  8.66 (1H, d,  $J$  = 7.2 Hz, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 8.58 (1H, d,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 8.28 (1H, d,  $J$  = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 7.98 (1H, t,  $J$  = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 7.65 (1H, t,  $J$  = 8.2 Hz, ArH), 5.08 (1H, t,  $J$  = 4.2 Hz, OH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 4.56-4.23 (1H, m, CH), 4.12 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.73-3.48 (5H, m, OCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.34 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3321 (NH), 3358 (OH), 1746, 1682 (C=O), 1614 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>5</sub>S, (391.4): C, 49.10 %; H, 4.38 %; N, 17.89 %; Found: C, 48.84 %; H, 4.23 %; N, 17.75 %.

Method B, From **5** and SerOCH<sub>3</sub>·HCl **7d** (0.22 g, 58 %).

**Methyl 2-(2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-yl-thio)acetamido)-4-methylpentanoate (8e).** From L-LeuOCH<sub>3</sub>·HCl **7e** (0.182 g). Method A, yellow crystals (0.14 g, 34 %); mp 144–145 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.43 (1H, d,  $J$  = 7.8 Hz, ArH), 8.26 (1H, d,  $J$  = 8.2 Hz, ArH), 7.84 (1H, t,  $J$  = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 7.73 (1H, d, NH,  $J$  = 7.8 Hz, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 7.58 (1H, t,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 4.62-4.51 (1H, m, CH), 4.12 (1H, d,  $J$  = 14.4 Hz, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.04 (1H, d,  $J$  = 14.4 Hz, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.78 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.68 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.69-1.53 (2H, m, CH<sub>2</sub>), 0.98-0.83 (1H, m, CH) 0.89 (6H, d,  $J$  = 6.0 Hz, 2CH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3329 (NH), 1748, 1671 (C=O), 1613 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S (417.5): C, 54.66 %; H, 5.55 %; N, 16.78 %; Found: C, 54.51 %; H, 5.53 %; N, 16.77 %.

Method B, From **5** and LeuOCH<sub>3</sub>·HCl **7e** (0.26 g, 64 %).

**Methyl 2-(2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-yl-thio)acetamido)-4-(methylthio)butanoate (8f).** From L-MetOCH<sub>3</sub>·HCl **7f** (0.20 g). Method A, white crystals (0.25 g, 58 %); mp 148–149 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.44 (1H, d,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 8.24 (1H, d,  $J$  = 8.6 Hz, ArH), 7.97 (1H, d,  $J$  = 8.6 Hz, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 7.84 (1H, t,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 7.58 (1H, t,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 4.73-4.62 (1H, m, CH), 4.08 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.78 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.72 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.49 (2H, t,  $J$  = 7.4 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.23-2.11 (2H, m, CH<sub>2</sub>) 2.05 (3H, s, SCH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3318 (NH), 1748, 1675 (C=O), 1614 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>21</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S<sub>2</sub>, (435.5): C, 49.64 %; H, 4.86 %; N, 16.08 %; Found: C, 49.63 %; H, 4.86 %; N, 16.06 %.

Method B, From **5** and MethOCH<sub>3</sub>·HCl **7f** (0.32 g, 74 %).



**Methyl-2-(2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-yl-thio)acetamido)-3-methylbutanoate (8g).** From L-ValOCH<sub>3</sub>·HCl **7g** (0.168 g). Method A, white crystals (0.21 g, 51 %); mp 94–95 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.45 (1H, d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, ArH), 8.25 (1H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, ArH), 7.93 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 7.84 (1H, t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, ArH), 7.58 (1H, t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, ArH), 4.53-4.46 (1H, m, CH), 4.09 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.79 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.70 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.29-2.12 (1H, m, CH), 0.92 (6H, d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2CH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3323 (NH), 1748, 1676 (C=O), 1612 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>21</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S (403.5): C, 53.59 %; H, 5.25 %; N, 17.36 %; Found: C, 53.36 %; H, 5.18 %; N, 17.14 %.

**Ethyl-2-(2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-yl-thio)acetamido)-3-methylbutanoate (8h).** Method B, from **5** and DL-ValOC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>·HCl **7h** (0.182 g), white crystals (0.18 g, 44%), mp 98–99 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.45 (1H, d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, ArH), 8.24 (1H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, ArH), 7.90 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 7.84 (1H, t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, ArH), 7.56 (1H, t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, ArH), 4.64-4.48 (1H, m, CH), 4.28 (2H, q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.11 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.72 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.29-2.10 (1H, m, CH), 1.22-0.92 (9H, m, 3CH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3299 (NH), 1743, 1681, 1659 (C=O), 1612 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S (417.47): C, 54.66 %; H, 5.55 %; N, 16.78 %; Found: C, 54.50 %; H, 5.42 %; N, 16.69 %. Mass spectrum, *m/z* (I<sub>r</sub>/%) : 419 (64), 418 (75), 417 (100), 375 (38), 345 (12), 344 (51), 273 (100), 241 (18), 162 (25), 145 (67), 90 (66).

**Methyl 2-(3-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-yl-thio)propanamido)acetate (9a).** Method B, from **6** and GlyOCH<sub>3</sub>·HCl **7a** (0.126 g). yellow crystals (0.31 g, 85 %); mp 92–93 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.37 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 7.78 (1H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, ArH), 7.63 (1H, t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, ArH), 7.50 (1H, t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 7.09 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 4.11 (2H, d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.75 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.72 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.59 (2H, t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 2.86 (2H, t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3303 (NH), 1742, 1677 (C=O), 1608 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S (375.4): C, 51.19 %; H, 4.56 %; N, 18.66 %; Found: C, 51.03 %; H, 4.38 %; N, 18.43 %.

**Methyl 3-(3-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-yl-thio)propanamido)propanoate (9b).** Method B, From **6** and β-AlaOCH<sub>3</sub>·HCl **7c** (0.14 g) white crystals (0.30 g, 79 %); mp 105–106 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.42 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 7.81 (1H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 7.67 (1H, t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 7.54 (1H, t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 6.65 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 4.16 (2H, d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, NHCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.76 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.68 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.62 (2H, t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 2.80 (2H, t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.61 (2H, t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3312 (NH), 1748, 1665 (C=O), 1614 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S (389.4): C, 52.43 %; H, 4.92 %; N, 17.98 %; Found: C, 52.24 %; H, 4.76 %; N, 17.74 %.

**Methyl 2-(3-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylthio)propanamido)-3-hydroxypropanoate (9c).** Method B, From **6** and L-SerOCH<sub>3</sub>·HCl **7d** (0.156 g). yellow crystals (0.29 g, 72 %); mp 129–130 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.39 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 8.24 (1H, d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 7.78 (1H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 7.68 (1H, t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 7.56 (1H, t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 6.74 (1H, t, *J* = 4.2 Hz, OH, D<sub>2</sub>O

exchangeable), 4.56-4.23 (1H, m, CH), 3.78 (3H, s, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.59 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.52 (2H, t,  $J = 7.1$  Hz, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 2.86 (2H, t,  $J = 7.1$  Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>); 1.96 (2H, t,  $J = 5.2$  Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>O), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3318 (NH), 3475 (OH), 1742, 1676 (C=O), 1612 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>5</sub>S, (405.4): C, 50.36 %; H, 4.72 %; N, 17.27 %; Found: C, 50.34 %; H, 4.68 %; N, 17.14 %.

### Hydrazide. General method

To a solution of thioacetyl amino acid derivatives **8a-g** (1.0 mmol) in methyl alcohol (30 mL), hydrazine hydrate (0.24 mL, 5 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 4 hours, afterwards it was left overnight at room temperature. The formed precipitate was filtered off, washed with ethanol and ether then crystallized from aqueous ethanol to yield the hydrazide.

**2-(2-(4,5-Dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylthio)acetamido)acetohydrazide (10a)**. Colorless crystals (0.3 g, 82 %); mp 243–244 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.45 (1H, d,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, ArH), 8.23 (1H, d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, ArH), 7.97 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 7.83 (1H, t,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, ArH), 7.68 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 7.59 (1H, t,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, ArH), 4.14 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.09 (2H, d,  $J = 5.4$  Hz, NHCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.68 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3324, 3277, 3090 (NH), 1695, 1671 (C=O), 1612 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S (361.4): C, 46.53 %; H, 4.18 %; N, 27.13 % Found: C, 46.48 %; H, 4.06 %; N, 26.94 %. Mass spectrum, m/z (I<sub>r</sub>/%) : 361 (7, M), 273 (9), 232 (100), 200 (27), 171 (31), 161 (35), 145 (100), 119 (39), 104 (23), 90 (77), 76 (44).

**2-(2-(4,5-Dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylthio)acetamido)propanehydrazide (10b)**. Colorless crystals (0.19 g, 55 %); mp 212–213 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, DMSO): δ 9.11 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 8.54 (1H, d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, ArH), 8.46 (1H, d,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 8.26 (1H, d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, ArH), 7.97 (1H, t,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, ArH), 7.63 (1H, t,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, ArH), 4.32-4.13 (3H, m, CH, NH<sub>2</sub>), 4.05 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.59 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.15 (3H, d,  $J = 7.0$  Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3332, 3288, 3090 (NH), 1693, 1668 (C=O), 1614 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S (375.4): C, 47.99 %; H, 4.56 %; N, 26.12 %; Found: C, 47.81 %; H, 4.45 %; N, 26.01 %. Mass spectrum, m/z (I<sub>r</sub>/%) : 375 (35, M), 316 (10), 273 (100), 245 (9), 233 (15), 232 (14), 231 (25), 203 (23), 162 (22), 145 (30), 144 (10), 90 (15), 87 (3), 86 (5), 77 (10), 57 (34).

**3-(2-(4,5-Dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylthio)acetamido)propanehydrazide (10c)**. Colorless crystals (0.34 g, 91 %); mp 244–245 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, DMSO): δ 9.12 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 8.54 (1H, d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, ArH), 8.35 (1H, d,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 8.24 (1H, d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, ArH), 7.96 (1H, t,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, ArH), 7.65 (1H, t,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, ArH), 4.28 (2H, bs, NH<sub>2</sub>, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 4.07 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.62 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.55-3.51 (2H, m, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.37 (2H, t,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3339, 3309, 3078 (NH), 1692, 1673 (C=O), 1614 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S (375.4): C, 47.99 %; H, 4.56 %; N, 26.12 %; Found: C, 47.86 %; H, 4.51 %; N, 26.11 %.

**2-(2-(4,5-Dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylthio)acet-amido)-3-hydroxypropanehydrazide (10d)**. Colorless crystals (0.25 g, 64 %); mp 222–223 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, DMSO): δ 9.12 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 8.56 (1H, d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, ArH), 8.35

(1H, d,  $J = 8.6$  Hz, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 8.28 (1H, d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, ArH), 7.98 (1H, t,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, ArH), 7.64 (1H, t,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, ArH), 4.87 (1H, t,  $J = 5.2$  Hz, OH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 4.37-4.13 (3H, m, CH, NH<sub>2</sub>), 4.10 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.60 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.52 (2H, t,  $J = 5.8$  Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3343, 3304, 3072 (NH), 1691, 1673 (C=O), 1613 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S (391.4): C, 46.03 %; H, 4.38 %; N, 25.05 %; Found: C, 45.94 %; H, 4.26 %; N, 25.03 %. Mass spectrum, m/z (I<sub>r</sub>/%) : 391 (35, M), 273 (8), 246 (17), 245 (32), 233 (23), 232 (100), 231 (27), 213 (16), 203 (18), 186 (19), 162 (48), 146 (23), 145 (77), 144 (19), 119 (14), 116 (12), 104 (5), 102 (10), 90 (95), 77 (14), 60 (33), 59 (16), 58 (10).

**2-(2-(4,5-Dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylthio)acet-amido)-4-methylpentanehydrazide (10e)**. Colorless crystals (0.28 g, 69 %); mp 194–195 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.36 (1H, d,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, ArH), 8.19 (1H, d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, ArH), 7.93 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 7.78 (1H, t,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, ArH), 7.57 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 7.52 (1H, t,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, ArH), 4.48-4.35 (1H, m, CH), 3.99 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.71 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.79-1.46 (3H, m, CH<sub>2</sub>, CH), 0.84 (6H, d,  $J = 6.0$  Hz, 2CH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3301, 3289, 3055 (NH), 1680, 1660 (C=O), 1612 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S (417.5): C, 51.78 %; H, 5.55 %; N, 23.49 %; Found: C, 51.67 %; H, 5.41 %; N, 23.48 %. Mass spectrum, m/z (I<sub>r</sub>/%) : 417 (11, M), 386 (9), 358 (2), 274 (16), 273 (91), 245 (18), 233 (31), 232 (100), 231 (19), 203 (5), 186 (3), 171 (3), 172 (2), 146 (7), 145 (38), 144 (7), 131 (10), 130 (6), 129 (7), 119 (15), 116 (4), 90 (27), 77 (8), 59 (6).

**2-(2-(4,5-Dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylthio)acetamido)-4-(methylthio)butanehydrazide (10f)**. Colorless crystals (0.24 g, 56 %); mp 216–217 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, DMSO): δ 9.11 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 8.53 (1H, d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, ArH), 8.36 (1H, d,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 8.23 (1H, d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, ArH), 7.94 (1H, t,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, ArH), 7.64 (1H, t,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, ArH), 4.36-4.10 (3H, m, CH, NH<sub>2</sub>), 4.12 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.72 (2H, t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.60 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.47 (2H, t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.05 (3H, s, SCH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3328, 3295, 3070 (NH), 1691, 1678 (C=O), 1612 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>21</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub> (435.5): C, 46.88 %; H, 4.86 %; N, 22.51 %; Found: C, 46.63 %; H, 4.74 %; N, 22.48 %.

**2-(2-(4,5-Dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylthio)acet-amido)-3-methylbutanehydrazide (10g)**. Colorless crystals (0.29 g, 72 %); mp 201–202 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, DMSO): δ 9.13 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 8.54 (1H, d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, ArH), 8.39 (1H, d,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 8.28 (1H, d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, ArH), 7.97 (1H, t,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, ArH), 7.65 (1H, t,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, ArH), 4.34-4.11 (3H, m, CH, NH<sub>2</sub>), 4.08 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.60 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.25-2.04 (1H, m, CH), 0.92 (6H, d,  $J = 7.0$  Hz, 2CH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3338, 3298, 3084 (NH), 1691, 1672 (C=O), 1614 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>21</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S (403.5): C, 50.61 %; H, 5.25 %; N, 24.30 %; Found: C, 50.57 %; H, 5.21 %; N, 24.28 %.

### Condensation with furfural. General method

To a solution of hydrazide **10** (1.0 mmol) in absolute ethyl alcohol (30 mL), furfural (0.09 mL, 1.0 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 12 hours. The reaction mixture

was cooled and the formed precipitate was filtered off, washed with ethanol and ether then crystallized from aqueous ethanol to yield the hydrazone **11**.

**2-(2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylthio)acet-amido)-N'-((furan-2-yl)methylene)acetohydrazide (11a)**. Colorless crystals (0.39 g, 90 %); mp 281–282 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, DMSO): δ 11.46 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable, structure B), 11.26 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable, structure A), 8.68-8.46 (2H, m, ArH), 8.29 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 8.20 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable, structure A), 8.0 (1H, t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 7.84 (2H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, CH furyl), 7.65 (1H, t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 6.82-6.79 (1H, m, CH furyl), 6.78-6.51 (1H, m, CH furyl), 4.15 (4H, s, NHCH<sub>2</sub>, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.82 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable, structure B), 3.62 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3305, 3209 (NH), 3427 (OH), 1698, 1670 (C=O), 1612 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S, (439.4): C, 51.93 %; H, 3.90 %; N, 22.31 %; Found: C, 51.78 %; H, 3.84 %; N, 22.26 %. Mass spectrum, *m/z* (I<sub>r</sub>/%) : 441 (14, M+2), 440 (12, M+1), 439 (11, M), 330 (67), 302 (15), 273 (22), 245 (31), 232 (100), 208 (8), 200 (9), 174 (26), 166 (17), 160 (14), 152 (30), 145 (26), 137 (15), 131 (11), 109 (13), 104 (19), 99 (17), 94 (8), 76 (8), 74 (8), 66 (6).

**N-[1-(Furan-2-ylmethylene-hydrazinocarbonyl)-ethyl]-2-(4-methyl-5-oxo-4,5-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylsulfanyl)-acetamide (11b)**. Colorless crystals (0.43 g, 95 %); mp 254-255 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, DMSO): δ 11.31 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable, structure A), 8.71-8.46 (2H, m, ArH), 8.27 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 8.17 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable, structure A), 7.97 (1H, t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, ArH), 7.84 (1H, t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, CH furyl), 7.63 (1H, t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, ArH), 6.96-6.81 (1H, m, CH furyl), 6.67-6.53 (1H, m, CH furyl), 4.33-4.22 (1H, m, CH), 4.07 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.60 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.23 (3H, d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3305, 3220 (NH), 1691, 1676 (C=O), 1614 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S (453.5): C, 52.97 %; H, 4.22 %; N, 21.62 %; Found: C, 52.86 %; H, 4.11 %; N, 21.29 %. Mass spectrum, *m/z* (I<sub>r</sub>/%) : 454 (12, M+1), 453 (13, M), 344 (15), 316 (14), 288 (7), 276 (6), 244 (5), 232 (100), 222 (6), 200 (4), 186 (5), 180 (2), 162 (42), 159 (3), 145 (18), 137 (2), 117 (17), 116 (15), 114 (6), 109 (3), 105 (8), 97 (4), 94 (8), 67 (6).

**3-(2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylthio)acet-amido)-N'-((furan-2-yl)methylene)propanehydrazide (11c)**. Colorless crystals (0.36 g, 81 %); mp 245–246 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, DMSO): δ 11.46 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable, structure B), 11.35 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable, structure A), 8.56 (1H, d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, ArH), 8.34 (1H, s, CH), 8.26 (1H, d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, ArH), 8.12 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable, structure A), 7.96 (1H, t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 7.84 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, CH furyl), 7.62 (1H, t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 6.88 (1H, dd, *J*<sub>gem</sub> = 3.4, *J*<sub>1,2'</sub> = 14.4 Hz, CH furyl), 6.65-6.59 (1H, m, CH furyl), 4.12 (4H, s, NHCH<sub>2</sub>, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.60 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.53 (2H, t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3321, 3295 (NH), 1691, 1683 (C=O), 1612 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S (453.5): C, 52.97 %; H, 4.22 %; N, 21.62 %; Found: C, 52.92 %; H, 4.13 %; N, 21.44 %.

**2-(2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylthio)acet-amido)-N'-((furan-2-yl)methylene)-3-hydroxypropanehydrazide (11d)**. Colorless crystals (0.37 g, 79 %); mp 242–243 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, DMSO): δ 11.38 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable, structure

B), 11.30 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable, structure A), 8.56 (1H, d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, ArH), 8.24 (1H, d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, ArH), 8.21 (1H, bs, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable, structure A), 7.98-7.63 (3H, m, 2ArH, CH furyl), 6.98-6.87 (1H, m, CH furyl), 6.69-6.57 (1H, m, CH furyl), 5.18-5.03 (1H, m, OH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable), 4.43-4.23 (1H, m, CH), 4.12 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.70-3.56 (5H, m, NCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.12 (1H, bs, OH, structure B), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3265, 3215 (NH), 1680, 1656 (C=O), 1614 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>5</sub>S (469.5): C, 51.17 %; H, 4.08 %; N, 20.88 %; Found: C, 50.94 %; H, 4.01 %; N, 20.65 %. Mass spectrum, m/z (I<sub>r</sub>/%) : 292 (5), 290 (19), 289 (16), 273 (16), 245 (50), 232 (100), 203 (14), 200 (31), 162 (50), 159 (14), 145 (62), 137 (6), 130 (6), 129 (6), 109 (6), 104 (26), 94 (37), 74 (13), 67 (7), 66 (21).

**2-(2-(4,5-Dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylthio)acet-amido)-N'-((furan-2-yl)methylene)-4-methylpentanehydrazide (11e).** Colorless crystals (0.45 g, 92 %); mp 230–231 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, DMSO): δ 11.37 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable, structure B), 11.25 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable, structure A), 8.60 (1H, d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, ArH), 8.35-8.20 (1H, m, ArH), 8.16 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable, structure B), 8.05-7.55 (3H, m, 2ArH, CH furyl), 6.84 (1H, dd,  $J_{gem} = 3.2$ ,  $J_{1,2} = 13.2$  Hz, CH furyl), 6.64-6.55 (1H, m, CH furyl), 4.36-4.28 (1H, m, CH), 4.07 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.60 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.62-1.34 (3H, m, CH, CH<sub>2</sub>), 0.86 (6H, dd,  $J = 6.0$  Hz, 2CH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3263, 3203 (NH), 1682, 1650 (C=O), 1612 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S, (495.6): C, 55.74 %; H, 5.08 %; N, 19.79 %; Found: C, 55.68 %; H, 5.04 %; N, 19.67 %. Mass spectrum, m/z (I<sub>r</sub>/%) : 497 (9, M+1), 496 (11, M), 386 (21), 273 (34), 288 (2), 264 (5), 245 (18), 232 (100), 229 (3), 222 (27), 200 (61), 187 (4), 159 (29), 156 (12), 155 (18), 145 (71), 137 (18), 109 (10), 104 (34), 94 (39), 76 (4), 74 (6), 67 (3).

**2-(2-(4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-oxo-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]quinazolin-1-ylthio)acet-amido)-N'-((furan-2-yl)methylene)-4-(methylthio)butanehydrazide (11f).** Colorless crystals (0.43 g, 85 %); mp 252–253 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, DMSO): δ 11.36 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable, structure A), 8.66-8.47 (2H, m, ArH), 8.27 (1H, d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, ArH), 8.19 (1H, s, NH, D<sub>2</sub>O exchangeable, structure A), 7.97 (1H, t,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, ArH), 7.84 (1H, t,  $J = 7.0$  Hz, ArH), 7.63 (1H, t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, ArH), 6.88 (1H, dd,  $J_{gem} = 3.0$ ,  $J_{1,2} = 13.1$  Hz, CH furyl), 6.67-6.58 (1H, m, CH furyl), 4.36-4.24 (1H, m, CH), 4.08 (2H, s, SCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.60 (3H, s, NCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.51 (2H, t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.46-2.38 (2H, m, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.05 (3H, s, SCH<sub>3</sub>), IR (KBr) cm<sup>-1</sup>: 3262, 3219 (NH), 1675, 1646 (C=O), 1612 (C=N); Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S<sub>2</sub> (513.6): C, 51.45 %; H, 4.51 %; N, 19.09 %; Found: C, 51.28 %; H, 4.49 %; N, 19.01 %. Mass spectrum, m/z (I<sub>r</sub>/%) : 516 (9, M+2), 515 (11, M+1), 514 (32, M), 404 (58), 376 (4), 288 (19), 282 (37), 273 (54), 248 (7), 245 (24), 240 (31), 232 (100), 205 (1), 200 (48), 174 (32), 173 (25), 159 (24), 145 (68), 137 (11), 109 (4), 104 (34), 94 (22), 74 (8), 67 (6).

## Acknowledgements

We thank Professor Eng. M. Reda and Eng. M. Hammam Faculty of Engineering SCU for technical advice and support.

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